



PART OF
BEMSIQ
GROUP

KLU outdoor humidity transmitter

USER GUIDE

This user guide is for KLU version 5 transmitter's
software version 1.0.0 released 05/2025.



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1 Introduction

The KLU transmitters are designed to measure and control relative humidity and temperature in demanding circumstances. Their high-quality sensors provide long-term stability and a wide measurement range for humidity (0...100.0 %rH) and temperature (-50.0...50.0 °C).

This transmitter has one humidity output and one temperature output. You can select the output signal mode separately for each output during commissioning. The available output signal modes are voltage (0...10 Vdc) and current (4...20 mA).

This transmitter has a P/PI controller. You can use one of the outputs as a control output. The controller can control the output according to one measurement value or according to the maximum selection of all values.

The transmitters options include:

- Display (-N models)
- Relay output (-R model)
- Modbus RTU communication (-M models)
- Second cable gland (-2G models)

The backlit display (-N models) shows both humidity and temperature measurement values at one decimal point accuracy. You can set the display to show humidity, temperature, or both during commissioning.

You can commission all models using the ML-SER commissioning tool. You can also configure the -M model transmitter settings via bus. However, Modbus communication settings must be configured with the ML-SER commissioning tool before you can access the transmitter settings via Modbus network.

The product lifetime decreases if the environment is very cold (e.g. freezer rooms) or the air contains chemicals (e.g. chlorine at spas and indoor swimming pools). In outdoor applications, install the transmitter under a roof or shelter, or in a weather shield to protect the probe from direct rain and sunshine.

1.1 About this user guide

This user guide contains important information about the installation, wiring, configuration and use of the product. Read this guide carefully before you install the product, connect the wires, or operate the product. Make sure that you fully understand all instructions before you start work. If you are not sure what the instructions mean, contact the seller or the manufacturer.

Follow all instructions in this user guide carefully. Always obey the applicable local rules and regulations.

The original instructions were written in English. If there are differences between the English instructions and the translations, refer to the English instructions.

If you find a mistake in the English instructions or in the translations, please send the details to the manufacturer.

1.2 Intended use

The KLU outdoor humidity transmitters are intended to be used to measure relative air humidity and temperature in factories, warehouses and locations with subzero temperatures. The transmitter mounting position must be sheltered from direct rain to keep the probe dry. If the sintered plastic filter on the probe head is wet, the measurements are not accurate.

The product lifetime decreases if the environment is very cold (e.g. freezer rooms) or the air contains chemicals (e.g. chlorine at spas and indoor swimming pools).

These transmitters are intended to be connected to building automation systems in the HVAC/R industry.

2 Safety precautions

The product is developed, manufactured and tested according to high quality standards. However, instructions for safe use must be followed when installing, using or disposing the product or parts of product.

To avoid any kind of damage to people or property, follow the instructions carefully. Produal is not liable for any hazards, injury to people, or damage to property caused by incorrect installation or misuse of the device.

To avoid electrical shock or damage to equipment, disconnect power before you install or service the product. Use only proper wiring that is rated for the full operating voltage and maximum current in the system. The wiring must also withstand fault conditions.

To avoid fire and/or explosion, do not use the product in potentially flammable or explosive atmosphere.

Make sure that the product is not damaged before installation. Do not drop the product or use excessive force during installation. Do not use the product if you can see any damages.

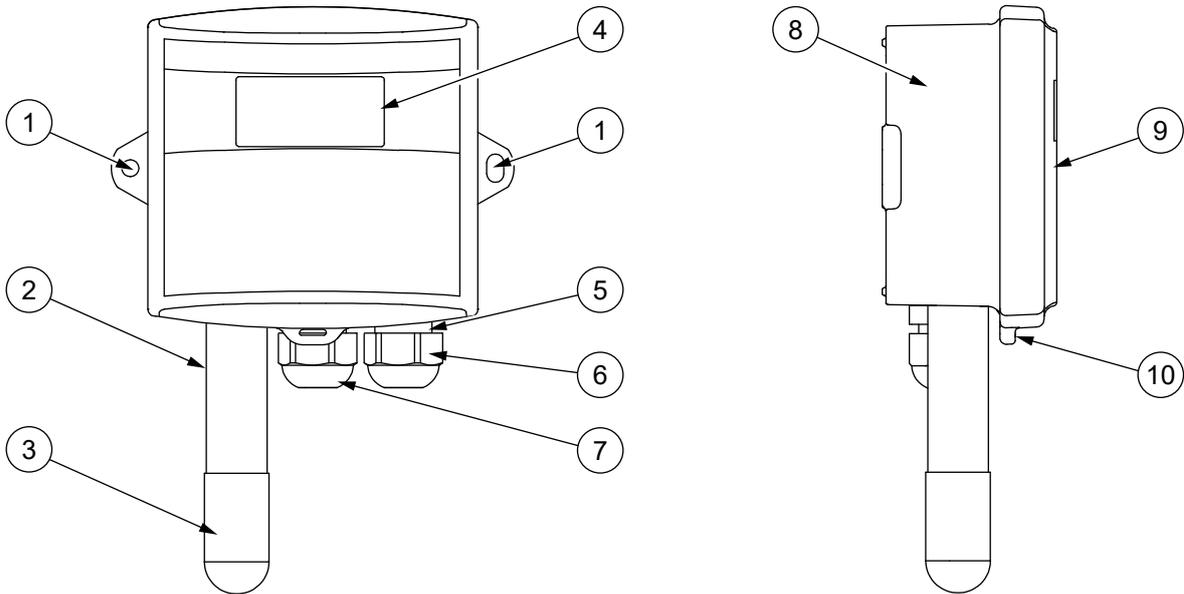
After installation, the product will be part of a system whose specifications and performance characteristics are not designed or controlled by Produal. Refer to national and local authorities to ensure that the installation is functional and safe.

The product should only be used in professionally designed applications. Unauthorised modifications are not allowed. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten, directly or indirectly, human health or life or result in danger to human beings, animals or property.

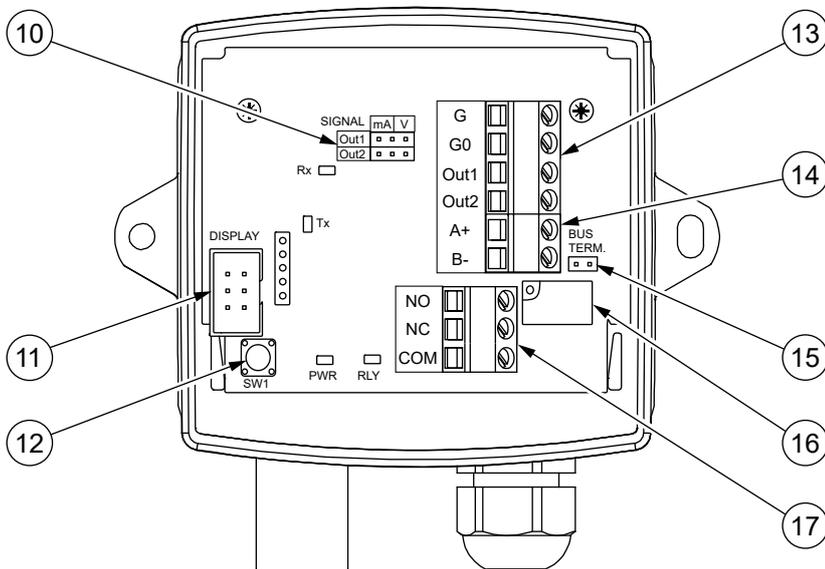
In this document, there are different warnings and notes. The warning and note types are defined in the following table.

Sign	Description
 WARNING:	The warning symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
 CAUTION:	The caution symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
 Important:	The important symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the device or property.
 Note:	The note symbol indicates a useful tip or a recommended way to complete a task. These notes also provide information that is useful but not critical to the user.

3 Main components



1	Mounting point	2	Probe
3	Sintered plastic filter	4	Display (-N models)
5	Cable gland	6	Strain relief
7	Additional cable gland (-2G models)	8	Housing
9	Cover	10	Cover opening tab



10	Output signal mode selection jumpers	11	Display connector
12	Display mode selection button SW1	13	Terminal block
14	Modbus connector (-M models)	15	Modbus termination jumper (-M models)
16	Relay (-R models)	17	Relay output connector (-R models)

4 Functional description

This chapter introduces the main functions of the device.



Note: Configure the Modbus communication settings for the -M model transmitters with the ML-SER commissioning tool to be able to access the transmitter settings via bus.

4.1 Analogue outputs

The transmitter has two analogue outputs: a humidity output and a temperature output. The transmitter does not have a separate control output, but you can configure one of the analogue outputs as a control output.

The transmitter has the following output signal modes:

- Voltage output (0...10 / 2...10 / 0...5 Vdc, 2 mA)
- Current output (4...20 mA \leq 500 Ω)

The voltage output is scalable. You can select the scale using the ML-SER commissioning tool or via Modbus communication (-M models). The current output is not scalable.

You can select the output signal mode separately for each output. You can select the output signal mode with jumpers during commissioning. See section [Selecting the output signal mode](#) on page 11 for more information.

If you configure the settings via bus (-M models), use the following holding registers.



Important: Registers marked with an asterisk (*) are located in the parameter memory. The parameter memory durability is approximately 10000 write cycles.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
0	OUT1 output override	S16	0...1000	0...100.0 %	0
1	OUT2 output override	S16	0...1000	0...100.0 %	0
5*	Control output	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	0. Off 1. Humidity 2. Temperature 3. Maximum selection	0
21*	OUT1 output signal mode	S16	0 - 1 - 2	0. 0...10 V / 4...20 mA 1. 2...10 V / - mA 2. 0...5 V / - mA	0
22*	OUT2 output signal mode	S16	0 - 1 - 2	0. 0...10 V / 4...20 mA 1. 2...10 V / - mA 2. 0...5 V / - mA	0

4.2 Relay output

The -R models have a relay output. You can use the relay output, for example, to switch an alarm or a ventilation fan on and off.

The relay switches on and off according to one measurement value or according to all values. The relay switching point is the sum of the setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value. If the transmitter controls the relay output according to one measurement value, the relay switches on when the measured value is more than the sum of the setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value. For example, if the relay setpoint for humidity is 40 % and the relay hysteresis is 10 %, the relay switches on when the measured humidity

goes above 50 %. The relay switches off when the measured value goes below the setpoint more than the relay hysteresis value.

If the transmitter controls the relay output according to all values, the relay switches on when one of the measured values is more than the sum of its setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.

You can adjust the relay setpoint and hysteresis using the ML-SER transmitter commissioning tool.

If you configure the settings via bus (-M models), use the following holding registers.



Important: Registers marked with an asterisk (*) are located in the parameter memory. The parameter memory durability is approximately 10000 write cycles.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12*	Relay setpoint, humidity	S16	0...1000	0.0...100.0 %rH	500
13*	Relay hysteresis, humidity	S16	0...500	0.0...50.0 %rH	50
14*	Relay setpoint, temperature	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C	230
15*	Relay hysteresis, temperature	S16	0...200	0.0...20.0 °C	20
16*	Relay function	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	0. Off 1. Humidity 2. Temperature 3. All	1

4.3 Control functions

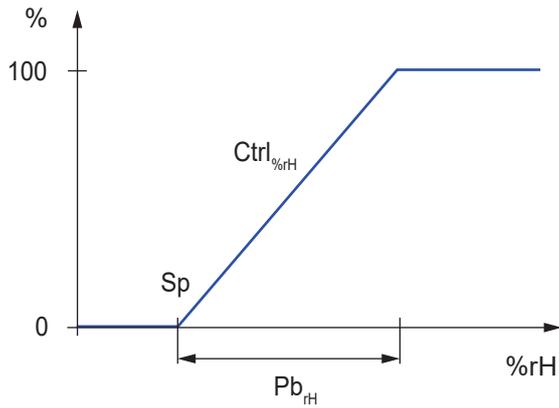
This transmitter has a P/PI controller. The controller can control the output according to one measurement value or according to the maximum selection of all values.

The controller can control humidity or temperature. You can select one of the analogue outputs as a control output. You can configure the setpoint, integration time and proportional band for the controller. Proportional band is the range of values within which the control output signal goes between 0 % and 100 % in proportion to the measured input value.

Humidity control

Property	Value
Setpoint	0...100 %rH, *50 %rH
Proportional band	10...100 %rH, *50 %rH
Integration time	50...5000 s, *300 s
* factory setting	

The following figure shows how the humidity control signal increases while relative humidity increases. For example, if setpoint is 50 %rH and proportional band is 30 %rH, the humidity control signal starts to increase when the relative humidity level goes above 50 %rH. As the relative humidity increases, the humidity control signal increases accordingly until it reaches 100 % when relative humidity is at 80 %rH.

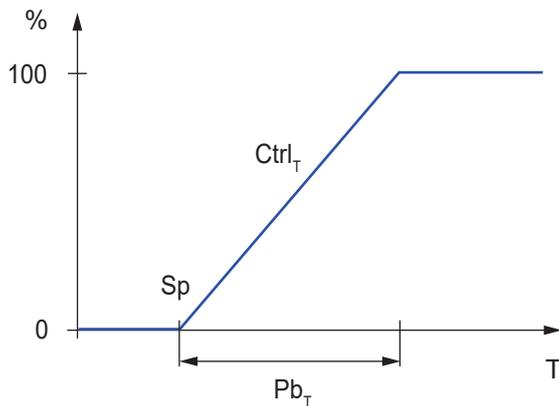


- %** Control signal level
- Sp** Setpoint
- Pb_{rH}** Proportional band for relative humidity
- Ctrl_{%rH}** Control signal for relative humidity
- %rH** Relative humidity

Temperature control

Property	Value
Setpoint	-50...50 °C, *21 °C
Proportional band	1.0...32.0 °C, *2.0 °C
Integration time	50...5000 s, *300 s
* factory setting	

The following figure shows how temperature control signal increases while temperature increases. For example, if setpoint is 21.0 °C and proportional band is 2.0 °C, the temperature control signal starts to increase when temperature goes above 21.0 °C. The control signal reaches 100 % at 23.0 °C.



- %** Control signal level
- Sp** Setpoint
- Pb_T** Proportional band for temperature
- Ctrl_T** Control signal for temperature
- T** Temperature

Modbus holding registers

If you configure the settings via bus (-M models), use the following holding registers.

! **Important:** Registers marked with an asterisk (*) are located in the parameter memory. The parameter memory durability is approximately 10000 write cycles.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
4*	Control mode	S16	0 - 1	0. P 1. PI	1
5*	Control output	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	0. Off 1. Humidity 2. Temperature 3. Maximum selection	0
6*	Setpoint, humidity	S16	0...1000	0.0...100.0 %rH	500
7*	Setpoint, temperature	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C	210
8*	Proportional band, humidity	S16	100...1000	10.0...100.0 %rH	500
9*	Proportional band, temperature	S16	10...320	1.0...32.0 °C	20
10*	Integration time	S16	50...5000	50...5000 s	300

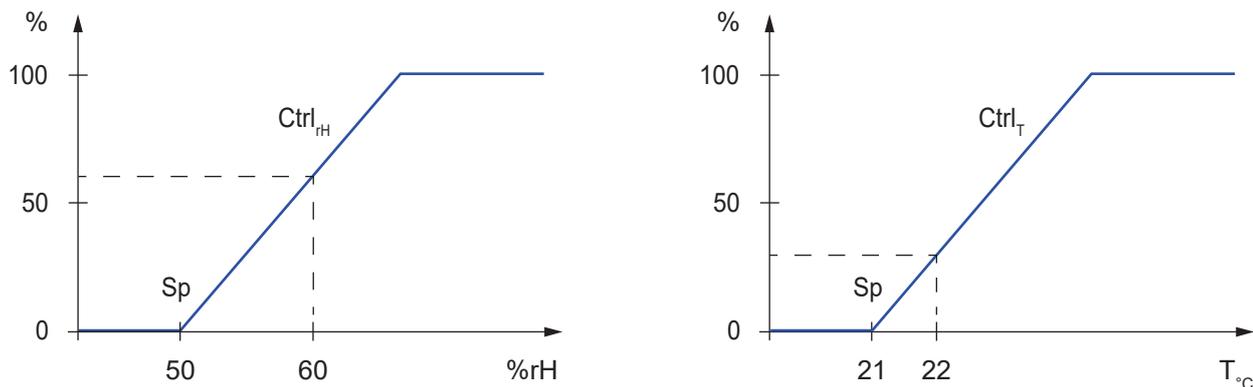
4.3.1 Maximum selection control

The maximum selection control is available for humidity and temperature control. In the maximum selection control, the controller calculates control output values for relative humidity and temperature continuously as percentages. It forms the control signal for the control output according to the highest of these two values.

The figure below describes the following situation:

- Relative humidity is 60 %rH and the calculated value for the control output is 60 %.
- Temperature is 22 °C and the calculated value for the control output is 30 %.

In this example, the calculated value for relative humidity is higher than the calculated value for temperature. The controller forms the control signal based on the calculated value for relative humidity. If output scaling is 0...10 V, then the 60 % relative humidity level equals to 6 V control signal.



- %** Sensor signal level
- Sp** Setpoint
- Ctrl_{rH}** Control signal for relative humidity
- %rH** Relative humidity
- Ctrl_T** Control signal for temperature
- T_c** Temperature (°C)

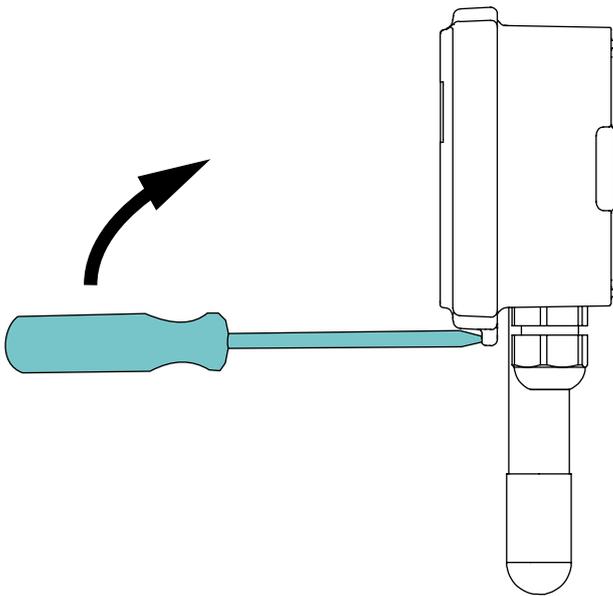
5 Commissioning

5.1 Opening the cover

! CAUTION: Be very careful if you touch the device when the power supply is connected and the cover is removed.

If the device has a display, be very careful when you open the cover. The display board is connected to the circuit board with a cable.

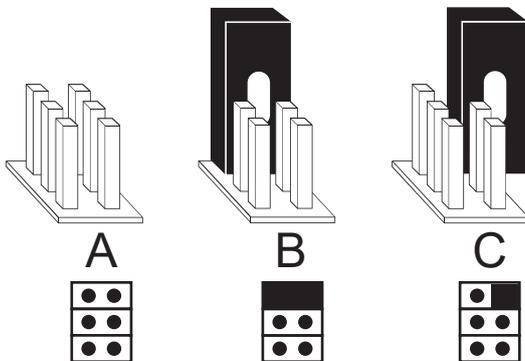
1. Put the tip of a flat-head screwdriver into the slot on the cover.
2. Hold the cover and push the screwdriver handle towards the device to open the cover.



5.2 Setting the jumpers

! Important: Set the jumpers in the correct position before you turn on the power.

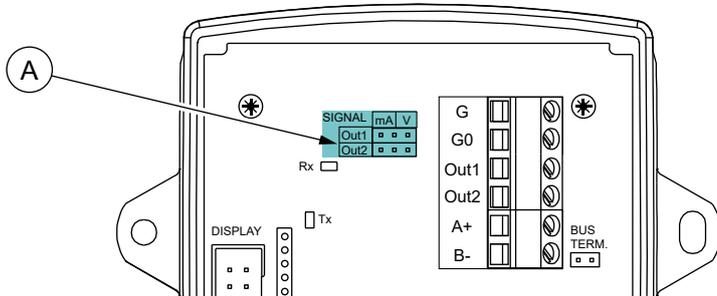
Install the jumpers as shown in the figure below to close the circuit or to store the jumper while the circuit remains open.



- A. No jumper: circuit open
- B. Jumper installed: circuit closed
- C. Jumper stored: circuit open

5.2.1 Selecting the output signal mode

The transmitter has two jumpers for output signal mode selection on the circuit board. Select the voltage or the current mode based on the system requirements. You can also select the output signal mode using the ML-SER commissioning tool (see section [The Output menu](#) on page 20) or via bus (-M-models).



A. Output signal mode selection jumpers

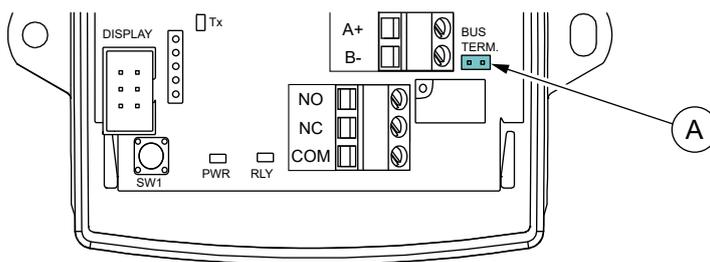
Set the jumpers in the correct position to select the output signal mode for humidity and temperature. See the table below for the jumper settings.

Output		0...10 Vdc (factory setting)	4...20 mA
Humidity output	OUT1		
Temperature output	OUT2		

5.2.2 Terminating Modbus

The -M models have pins for a Modbus termination jumper. Insert the termination jumper in the last device of the network to terminate the Modbus network.

1. Disconnect the device supply voltage.
2. Open the cover. See section [Opening the cover](#) on page 10 for instructions.
3. Insert the termination jumper in position on the circuit board.



A. Termination jumper

4. Align the cover with the housing and press the cover until it clicks closed.

5.3 Mounting



WARNING: Handle the product with care. Dropping the product can damage it internally and cause unwanted functions in the connected system.



CAUTION: Place the device outside the reach of children and animals.



Important: Only install this device in a location where the ambient conditions meet the operating condition requirements.



Note: When the temperature drops below 0 °C, the display in -N models fades slightly and the response time increases. The display can stop operating at very low temperatures. It will resume operation when the temperature rises.

Operating conditions

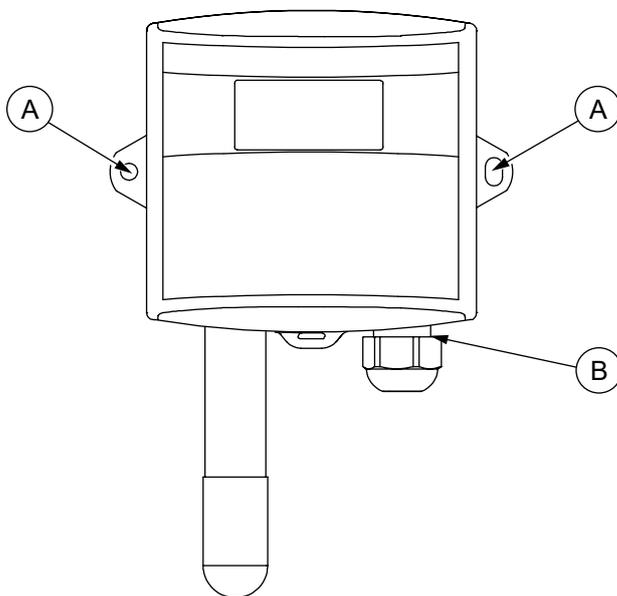
Ambient temperature	-50...50 °C
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To receive accurate readings, do not mount the device in the following positions:

- In direct sunlight
- In direct rain
- Adjacent to heat sources

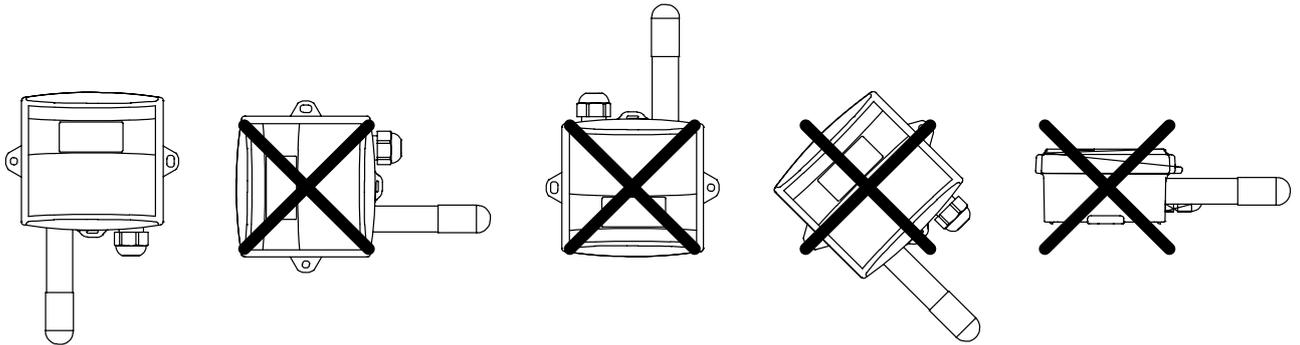
This device is usually mounted inside a building. If you mount this device to an outer wall of a building, select the mounting position carefully. Mount the device under a roof or shelter to protect it from direct rain. You can also install the device in a WS-1 weather shield to protect it from sun, rain and snow. If the sintered plastic filter on the probe head gets wet, the measurements are not accurate until the filter dries.

1. Check that the product is not damaged during transportation.
2. Select the mounting position.
Mount the device on a wall or other flat, vertically upright surface.
3. Use the device as a template and mark the screw holes on the mounting surface.
4. Select the mounting screws according to the mounting surface.
The maximum screw diameter is 4.0 mm.
5. Make sure that the cable gland points down.



- A. Mounting point
- B. Cable gland

6. Mount the device with the screws using the mounting points.
See the figure below for the correct mounting orientation.



7. Make sure that the device is horizontally and vertically level.
8. Tighten the screws.

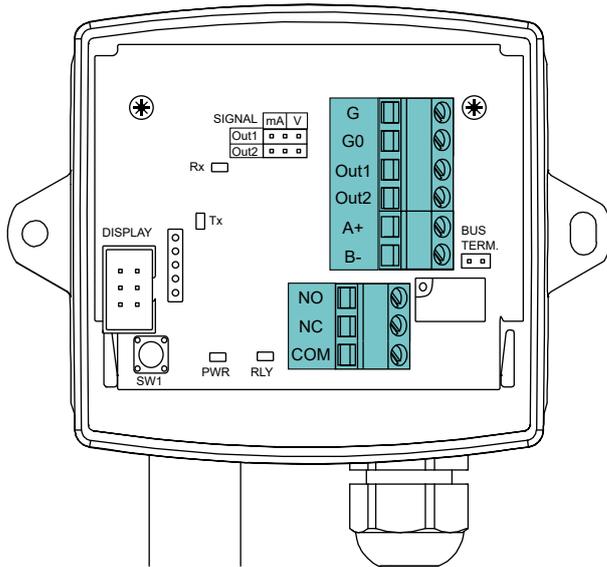
5.4 Wiring

- WARNING:** Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the device wirings in de-energised electricity network.
- WARNING:** Connect this device to SELV (separated extra low voltage) electricity network only. This device is appliance class III product according to IEC 60664-1.
- WARNING:** Protect the relay port with an external slow blow fuse with maximum current rating of 1 A. Alternatively, you can limit the power consumption of the connected external circuitry to less than 15 W in both normal operation and failure condition. The relay port is not protected internally against overload.
- WARNING:** Only connect the relay port to SELV (separated extra low voltage) circuitry.
- CAUTION:** Use single-stranded wires if possible. If you use multi-stranded wires, always install wire end sleeves to the wires to prevent short circuits and ensure secure attachment.
- Important:** For CE and UKCA compliance, use correctly grounded, shielded cable.

1. Open the cover.
2. Unscrew the strain relief on the cable gland.
3. Route the cable through the strain relief and the cable gland.

The -2G models have two cable glands. The second cable gland provides an extra entry point for the relay cable in the relay models and for daisy chaining in the Modbus models.

4. Connect the wires to the terminal block and relay output connector according to the table below.



G		Power supply, 24 Vac/dc, < 5 VA
G0		0 V
OUT1		Humidity output / control output
OUT2		Temperature output / control output
A+		Modbus RTU, RS-485 (-M models)
B-		
NO		Relay output, 24 Vac/dc, max. 1 A res. (-R models)
NC		
COM		

The nominal tightening torque for wiring terminal screws is 0.4 Nm.

! **Important:** Do not use excessive force when you tighten the wiring terminal screws.

5. Tighten the strain relief.

5.5 Selecting the display mode (-N models only)

The display shows humidity and temperature measurement values at the same time by default. If you want the device to show only temperature or humidity on the display, select the display mode as follows:

! **Note:** When the temperature drops below 0 °C, the display in -N models fades slightly and the response time increases. The display can stop operating at very low temperatures. It will resume operation when the temperature rises.

! **Note:** In -M models, you can also select the measurement shown on the display via Modbus.

1. Open the cover. See section [Opening the cover](#) on page 10.

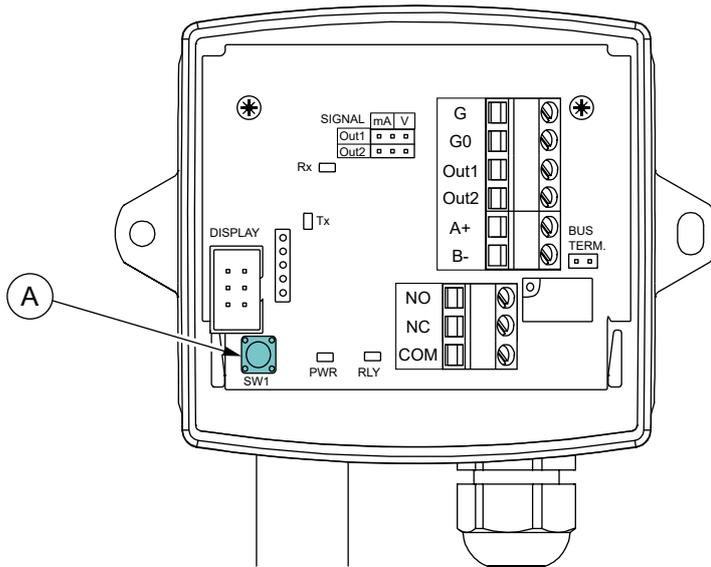


Important: Be very careful when you open the cover of -N models. The display board is connected to the circuit board with a cable.

2. Make sure that the wires are correctly connected.
3. Turn on the power.
4. Push the SW1 button and wait until the display mode changes.

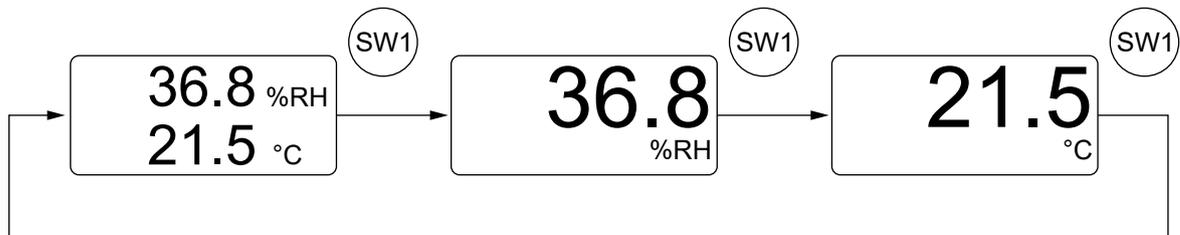


CAUTION: Do not touch the wires or the circuit board.



A. The SW1 button

5. Push the SW1 button again to go to the next display mode.



6. Align the cover with the housing and press the cover until it clicks closed.

5.6 Configuring transmitter using the ML-SER commissioning tool

You can configure all transmitter settings that do not require jumpers using the ML-SER transmitter commissioning tool.

5.6.1 Connecting the ML-SER tool to the device

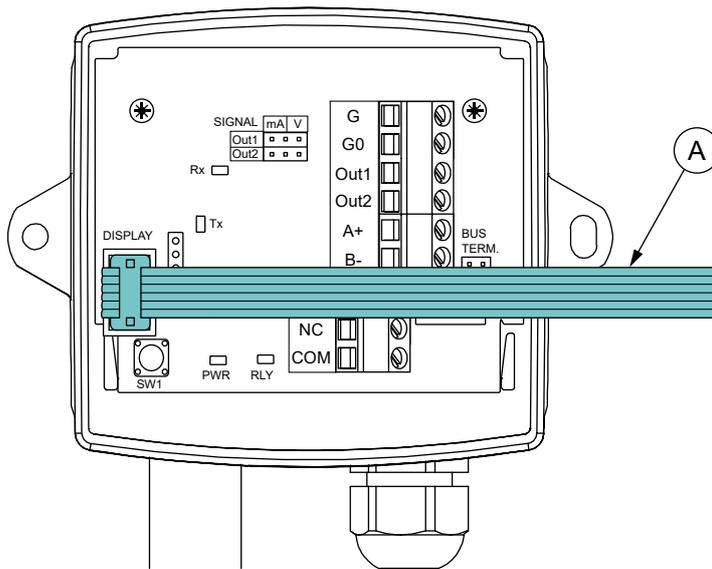
1. Open the cover. See section [Opening the cover](#) on page 10 for instructions.



CAUTION: Be very careful if you touch the device when the power supply is connected and the cover is removed.

2. If the device is an -N model, remove the display cable from the display connector on the circuit board.

3. Connect ML-SER commissioning tool's cable to the display connector.



A. ML-SER cable

4. Wait until the ML-SER commissioning tool has initialised.

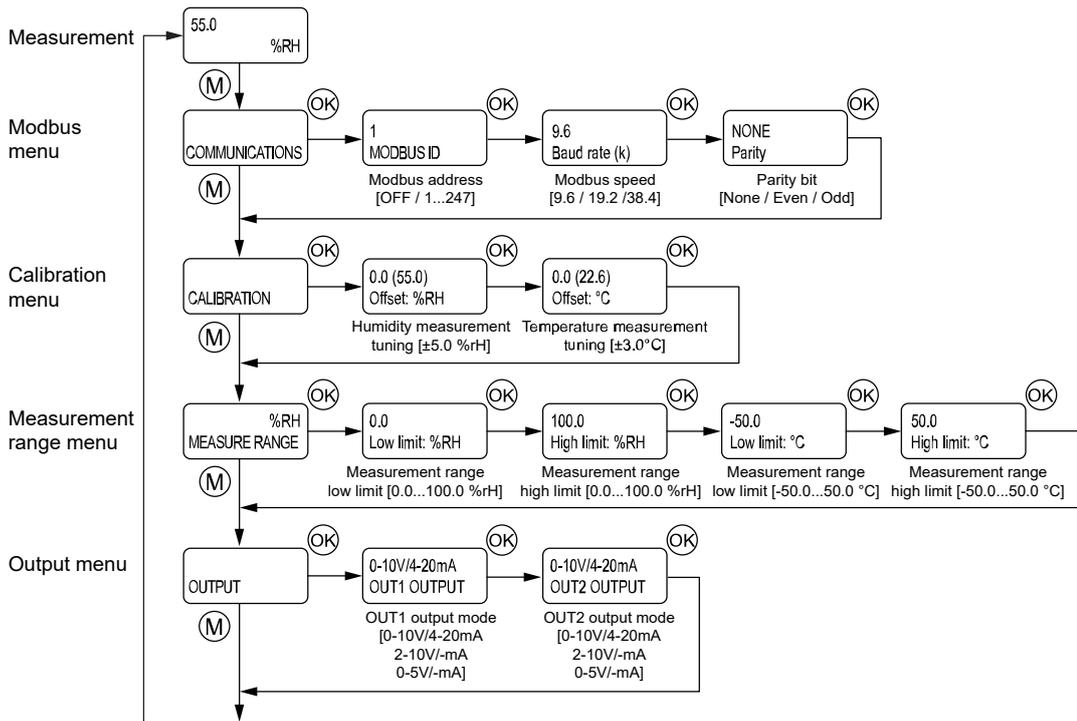
After initialisation, the ML-SER commissioning tool shows the measurement values one by one.

5.6.2 Using the ML-SER commissioning tool

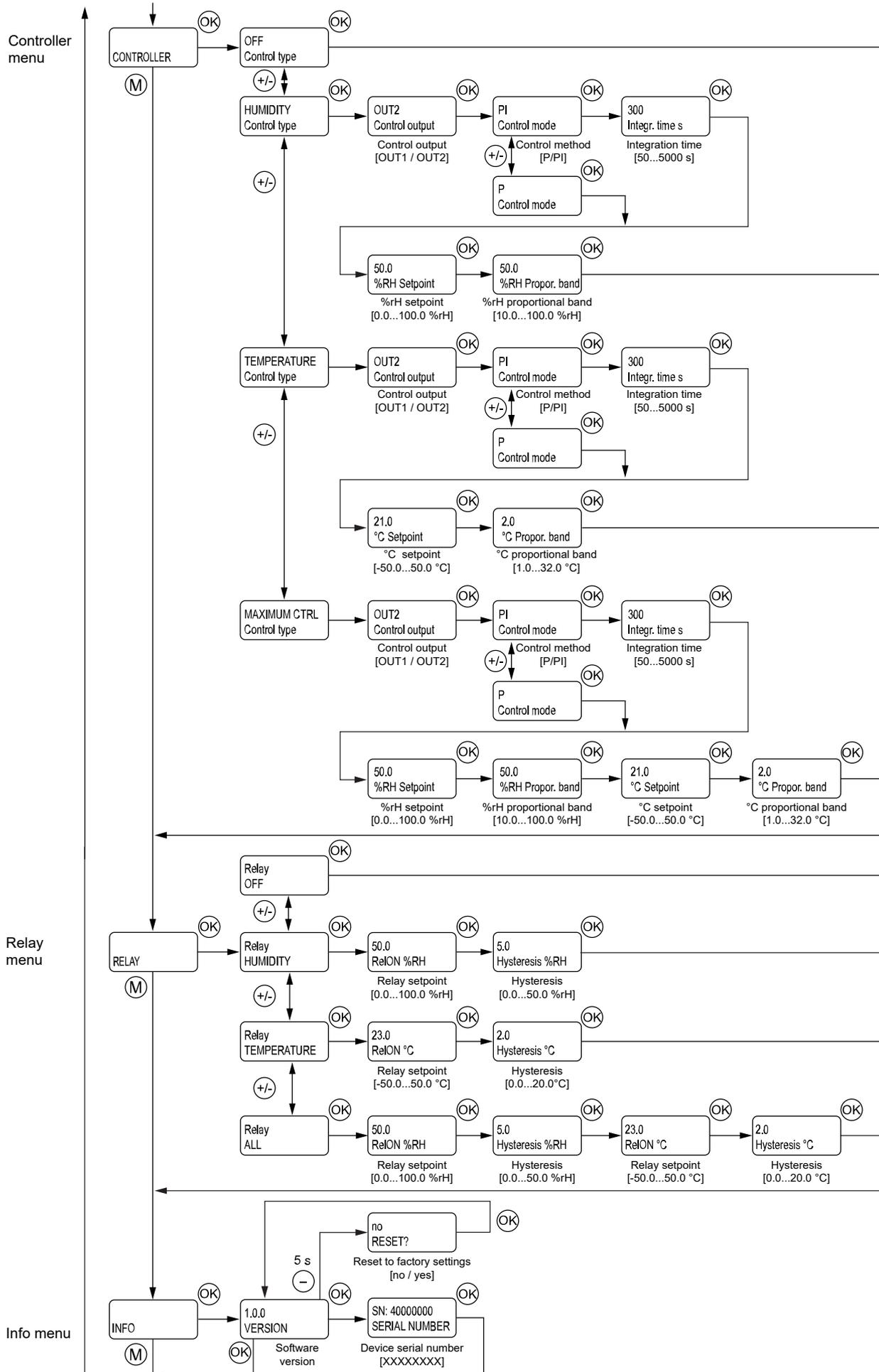
1. Press the **M** button on the ML-SER commissioning tool to open the main menu.
2. Press the **M** button again to go to the next item in the main menu.
3. Press the **OK** button to open a submenu.
4. Change the parameter values with the **+** and **-** buttons.
One button press increases or decreases the value by one small step, for example, by 0.1 °C. If you press the button again and again faster, the value increases or decreases in larger steps.
5. Press the **OK** button to accept the new parameter value.
6. Press the **OK** button repeatedly to go back to the main menu.
7. Press the **M** button repeatedly to exit the main menu.

5.6.3 The ML-SER commissioning tool menu

This menu is device-specific. The menu content depends on the device model and the installed options. See the figure below for the full menu structure that shows the menu options and the factory settings for all models.



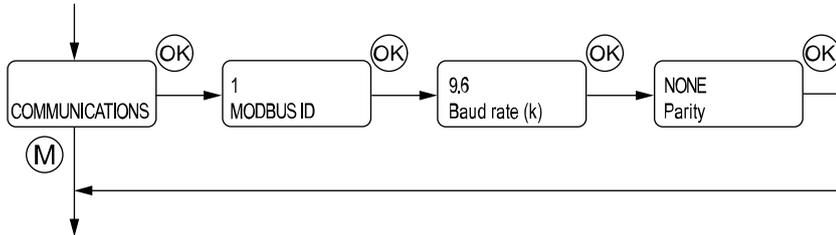
The menu structure continues on the next page.



5.6.4 The Communications menu (Modbus)

This menu is available in -M models. You can change the bus settings in this menu.

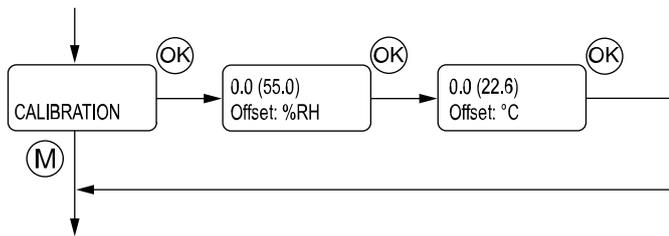
Note: Modbus communication settings must be configured with the ML-SER commissioning tool before you can access the transmitter settings via bus.



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Modbus ID	OFF / 1...247	1	Modbus address.
Baud rate	9.6 / 19.2 / 38.4	9.6	Modbus speed (kbit/s).
Parity	NONE / EVEN / ODD	NONE	Bus parity.

5.6.5 The Calibration menu

In this menu, you can tune the humidity and temperature measurement values.

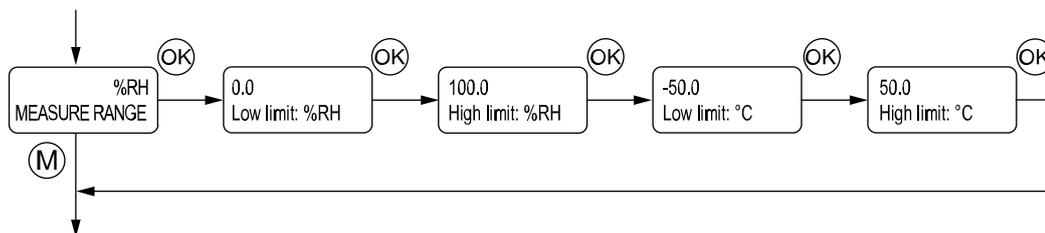


Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Offset %RH	-5.0...5.0 %RH	0.0 %RH	Humidity measurement tuning. You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.
Offset °C	-3.0...3.0 °C	0.0 °C	Temperature measurement tuning. You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.

You can see the tuning result in brackets after the tuning value on the ML-SER commissioning tool display.

5.6.6 The Measure range menu

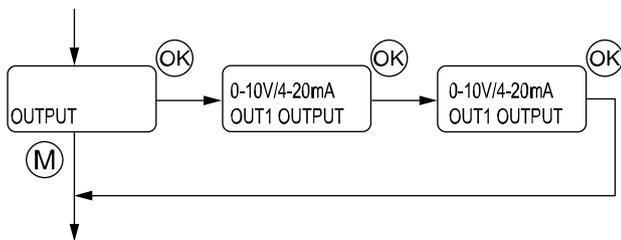
In this menu, you can set a custom measurement range for humidity and temperature.



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Low limit %RH	0.0...100.0 %RH	0.0 %RH	Sets the low limit value for the humidity measurement range. You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.
High limit %RH	0.0...100.0%RH	100.0 %RH	Sets the high limit value for the humidity measurement range. You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.
Low limit °C	-50.0...50.0 °C	-50.0 °C	Sets the low limit value for the temperature measurement range. You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.
High limit °C	-50.0...50.0 °C	50.0 °C	Sets the high limit value for the temperature measurement range. You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.

5.6.7 The Output menu

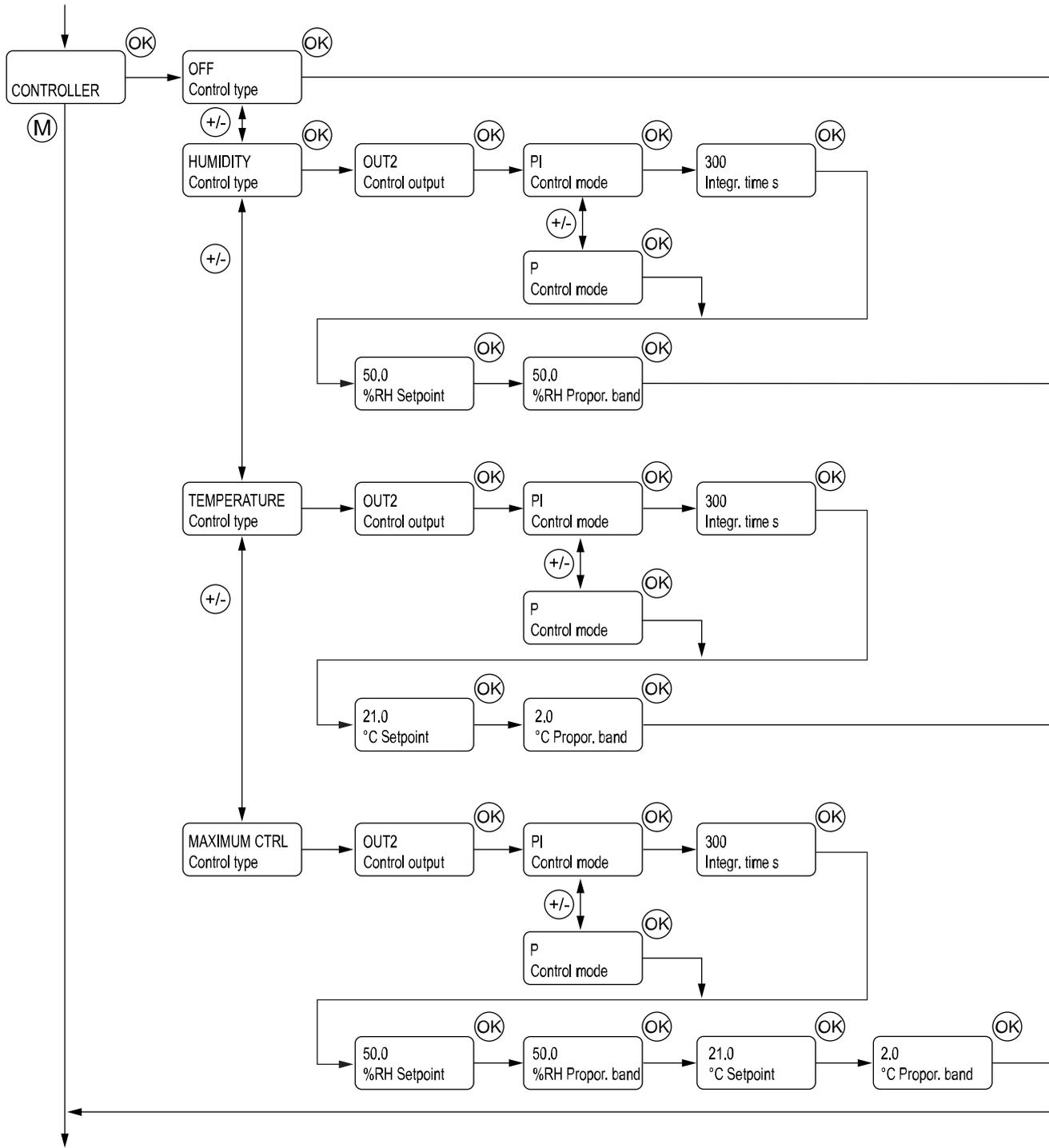
In this menu, you can select the output signal mode for each output. This setting overrides the jumper settings of the device, so it is not necessary to remove the jumpers from the circuit board.



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
OUT1 OUTPUT	0-10V/4-20mA 2-10V/- 0-5V/-	0-10V/4-20mA	Output scaling for humidity output / control output.
OUT2 OUTPUT	0-10V/4-20mA 2-10V/- 0-5V/-	0-10V/4-20mA	Output scaling for temperature output / control output.

5.6.8 The Controller menu

The controller can control devices based on temperature, humidity or both. The controller uses both measurements in the maximum selection control mode. See section [Maximum selection control](#) on page 9 for more information.

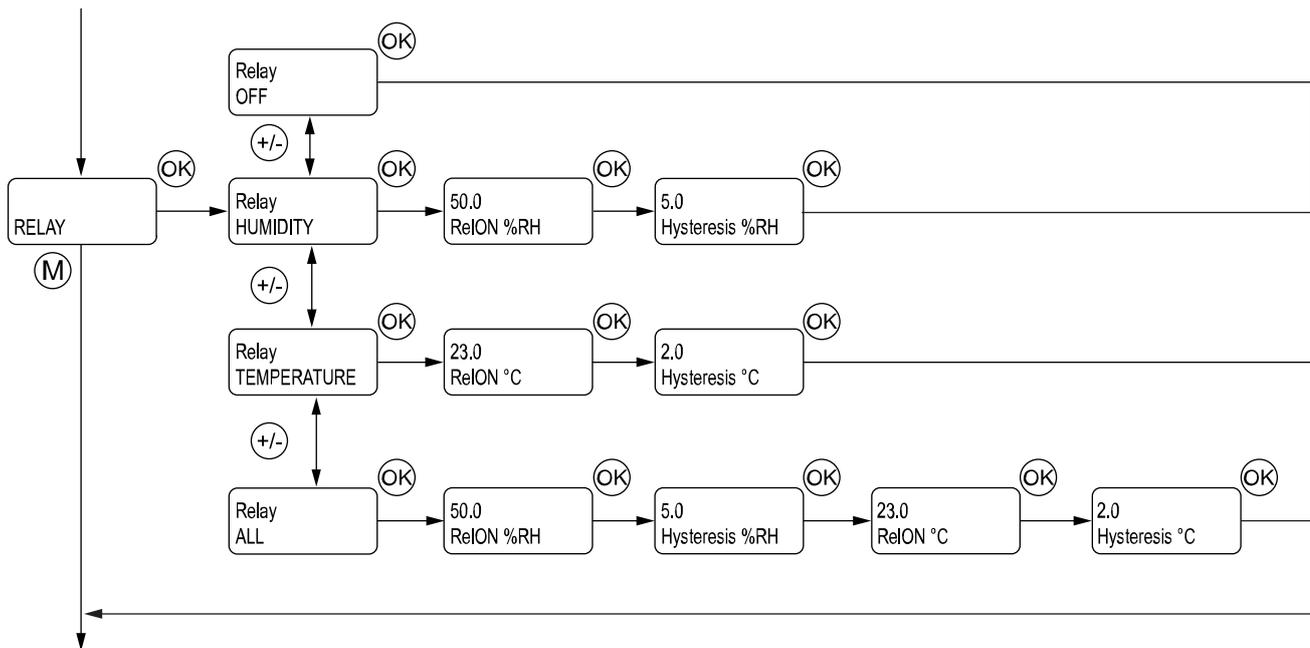


Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Control type	OFF / HUMIDITY / TEMPERATURE / MAXIMUM CTRL	OFF	Controlled value.
			OFF Controller off
			HUMIDITY Relative humidity
			TEMPERATURE Temperature
MAXIMUM CTRL	Maximum selection control. See section Maximum selection control on page 9 for more information.		

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Control output	OUT1 / OUT2	OUT2	Control output.
Control mode	P / PI	PI	Control method.
Integr. time s	50...5000 s	300 s	Integration time (s).
%RH Setpoint	0.0...100.0 %RH	50.0 %RH	Setpoint for relative humidity (%RH). You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.
%RH Propor. band	10.0...100.0 %RH	50.0 %RH	Proportional band for humidity (%RH). You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.
°C Setpoint	0...50.0 °C	21.0 °C	Setpoint for temperature (°C). You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.
°C Propor. band	1.0...32.0 °C	2.0 °C	Proportional band for temperature (°C). You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.

5.6.9 The Relay menu

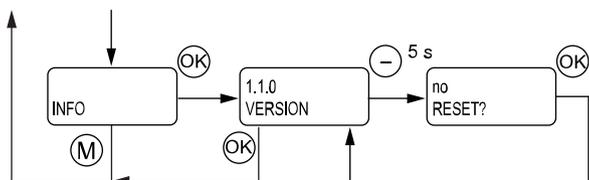
This menu is available in -R models. In this menu, you can adjust the relay setpoint and hysteresis to change the relay switching point.



Parameter	Available values	Description								
Relay	OFF / HUMIDITY / TEMPERATURE / ALL	Relay function. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>OFF</td> <td>Relay is not in use.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HUMIDITY</td> <td>The relay switches on when the measured relative humidity is more than the sum of the humidity setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TEMPERATURE</td> <td>The relay switches on when the measured temperature is more than the sum of the temperature setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ALL</td> <td>All measurement values. The relay switches on when one of the measured values is more than the sum of its setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.</td> </tr> </table>	OFF	Relay is not in use.	HUMIDITY	The relay switches on when the measured relative humidity is more than the sum of the humidity setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.	TEMPERATURE	The relay switches on when the measured temperature is more than the sum of the temperature setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.	ALL	All measurement values. The relay switches on when one of the measured values is more than the sum of its setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.
OFF	Relay is not in use.									
HUMIDITY	The relay switches on when the measured relative humidity is more than the sum of the humidity setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.									
TEMPERATURE	The relay switches on when the measured temperature is more than the sum of the temperature setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.									
ALL	All measurement values. The relay switches on when one of the measured values is more than the sum of its setpoint value and the relay hysteresis value.									
RelON %RH	0.0...100.0	Setpoint for relative humidity (%rH). You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.								
Hysteresis %RH	0.0...50.0	Hysteresis for relative humidity (%rH). You can adjust this value by 0.1 % steps.								
RelON °C	-50.0...50.0	Setpoint for temperature (°C). You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.								
Hysteresis °C	0.0...20.0	Hysteresis for temperature (°C). You can adjust this value by 0.1 °C steps.								

5.6.10 The Info menu

You can check the device software version and reset the device to factory settings in this menu.



Parameter name	Values	Description
VERSION	X.X.X	Device software version.
RESET?	no / yes	Reset to factory settings. Press the \ominus button for 5 seconds in the VERSION view. Select yes in the RESET? view. Press the OK button. The ML-SER commissioning tool resets the device settings to factory settings.

6 Modbus

 **Note:** Configure the Modbus communication settings with the ML-SER commissioning tool to be able to access the transmitter settings over Modbus network.

6.1 Modbus properties

Protocol	RS-485 Modbus RTU
Bus speed	9600*/19200/38400 bit/s
Data bits	8
Parity	none*/odd/even
Stop bits	1
Modbus ID	1*
Unit load	max. 1/4 UL
	* factory setting

6.2 Modbus function codes

This device supports the following Modbus function codes.

Decimal	Hexadecimal	Function
1	0x01	Read Coils
2	0x02	Read Discrete Inputs
3	0x03	Read Holding Registers
4	0x04	Read Input Registers
5	0x05	Write Single Coil
6	0x06	Write Single Register
15	0x0F	Write Multiple Coils
16	0x10	Write Multiple Registers

6.3 Modbus registers

 **Note:** If you try to write a parameter value that is beyond the parameter value range, the value will be replaced by the nearest acceptable value.

Example:

1. The register value range is -500...500.
2. You try to write the value 600 to the register.
3. The value 500 is written to the register.

6.3.1 Coils

 **Important:** Registers marked with an asterisk (*) are located in the parameter memory. The parameter memory durability is approximately 10000 write cycles.

Register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
0	OUT1 output override activation	Bit	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On	0
1	OUT2 output override activation	Bit	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On	0
2	Relay override activation	Bit	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On	0
3	Relay override	Bit	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On	0
4*	Controller output terminal	Bit	0 - 1	0. OUT2 1. OUT1	0

6.3.2 Discrete inputs

Register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
0	Relay status	Bit	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On

6.3.3 Input registers

Register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
0	Humidity measurement	S16	0...1000	0...100.0 %rH
1	Temperature measurement	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C
2	OUT1 output voltage	S16	0...1000	0...10.00 V
3	OUT2 output voltage	S16	0...1000	0...10.00 V

6.3.4 Holding registers



Important: Registers marked with an asterisk (*) are located in the parameter memory. The parameter memory durability is approximately 10000 write cycles.

Register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
0	OUT1 output override	S16	0...1000	0...100.0 %	0
1	OUT2 output override	S16	0...1000	0...100.0 %	0
2*	Humidity measurement tuning (offset)	S16	-50...50	-5.0...5.0 %rH	0
3*	Temperature measurement tuning (offset)	S16	-30...30	-3.0...3.0 °C	0
4*	Control mode	S16	0 - 1	0. P 1. PI	1

Register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
5*	Control output	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	0. Off 1. Humidity 2. Temperature 3. Maximum selection	0
6*	Setpoint, humidity	S16	0...1000	0.0...100.0 %rH	500
7*	Setpoint, temperature	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C	210
8*	Proportional band, humidity	S16	100...1000	10.0...100.0 %rH	500
9*	Proportional band, temperature	S16	10...320	1.0...32.0 °C	20
10*	Integration time	S16	50...5000	50...5000 s	300
11*	Measurement value shown on the display	S16	0 - 1 - 2	0. Humidity 1. Temperature 2. Humidity and temperature	2
12*	Relay setpoint, humidity	S16	0...1000	0.0...100.0 %rH	500
13*	Relay hysteresis, humidity	S16	0...500	0.0...50.0 %rH	50
14*	Relay setpoint, temperature	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C	230
15*	Relay hysteresis, temperature	S16	0...200	0.0...20.0 °C	20
16*	Relay function	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	0. Off 1. Humidity 2. Temperature 3. All	1
17*	Humidity measurement range, low limit	S16	0...1000	0.0...100.0 %rH	0
18*	Humidity measurement range, high limit	S16	0...1000	0.0...100.0 %rH	1000
19*	Temperature measurement range, low limit	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C	-500
20*	Temperature measurement range, high limit	S16	-500...500	-50.0...50.0 °C	500
21*	OUT1 output signal mode	S16	0 - 1 - 2	0. 0...10 V / 4...20 mA 1. 2...10 V / - mA 2. 0...5 V / - mA	0
22*	OUT2 output signal mode	S16	0 - 1 - 2	0. 0...10 V / 4...20 mA 1. 2...10 V / - mA 2. 0...5 V / - mA	0

7 Disposal

This device is considered as electrical and electronic equipment for disposal in terms of the applicable European Directive. At the end of life, the product must enter the recycling system at an appropriate collection point.

- The device must be disposed through channels provided for this purpose.
- The disposal must be completed according to the local and currently applicable laws and regulations.

Generally all metals can be recycled as material. Plastics and cardboard packaging material can be used in energy recovery. Printed circuit boards need selective treatment according to IEC 62635 guidelines. To aid recycling, plastic parts are marked with an appropriate identification code. Contact your local Produal distributor for further information on environmental aspects and recycling instructions for professional recyclers.

